

CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF ESQUIMALT

COUNCIL POLICY

TITLE: PUBLIC ART POLICY	NO. ADMIN-74

POLICY STATEMENT:

The Township of Esquimalt recognizes Public Art as an asset that enhances quality of life for its citizens, strengthens community pride, improves the aesthetic of the public environment, and contributes to the Township's cultural aspirations, social well-being and economic vitality. Through Public Art we celebrate our culture and heritage, reflect our diversity, express shared values and define our unique identity. Public Art advances the Township's Economic Development strategies and Council's strategic objectives.

PURPOSE:

The purpose of this Public Art Policy is to:

- 1. Provide a framework for the implementation of the Public Art Plan (Appendix A)
- 2. Increase opportunities for Public Art within Township public spaces
- 3. Establish a standardized and transparent process for public art proposals
- 4. To facilitate the selection, acquisition, maintenance, and de-accession of Public Art
- 5. Provide a sustainable funding model for the management of Public Art

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES:

The management of public art is a collaborative process involving many participants, including council, staff, and volunteers. Appendix B lays out the approval process for art projects and proposals.

Role of Township Council:

- Act as an advocate for art in Public Spaces in the Township;
- Approve the Public Art Policy;
- Approve changes to the Public Art Policy, as needed;
- Authorize expenditures from the Public Art Reserve Fund;
- Approve Public Art Reserve Fund contributions through the annual budget process:
- Appoint members to the Parks and Recreation Committee;

Role of Township Staff:

The implementation of this policy will be coordinated by Parks and Recreation Department staff who are responsible for coordinating the public art policy in collaboration with the Interdepartmental Staff Working Group (ISWG). For large scale or technically complex projects, staff may contract a public art consultant to coordinate the process. They shall be contracted early in the process to assure that all issues are considered before decisions are made.

Arts and Culture Coordinator:

- Leads Public Art Plan implementation
- Recommend project budgets through the Township's annual budget process.
- Develop scope for each new proposed public art project.
- Prepare the Call to Artists
- Coordinate the acquisition or de-accession of artistic works in accordance with this policy.

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- Coordinate the review and selection process for a given project.
- Administer project budgets and small neighborhood grants.
- Establish and maintain a public art inventory.
- Liaise with artists, arts professionals and arts organizations as required.
- Coordinate Art meetings, circulating information, providing guidance and arranging for the recording of minutes.
- Coordinate and chair (CPSV) meetings, circulating information, providing guidance and receiving feedback.
- Coordinate and chair regular (ISWG) meetings, circulating information, providing guidance, and arranging for the recording of minutes.

Interdepartmental Staff Working Group (ISWG)

This group is comprised of representatives from Parks and Recreation, Engineering and Public Works, Planning and Development, and Finance. Members of the Interdepartmental Staff Working Group will:

- Assist in the identification and annual review of public art opportunities.
- Determine sites for art in public places.
- Assess risk management issues (re: safety and maintenance) of proposed projects that have been identified and will provide feedback to the council on any safety/risk management concerns.
- Consider Township policies and planning documents when evaluating art projects and proposals. Not all projects require the same amount of time, financial support, staff support or degree of detailed attention.

Creative Placemaking Support Volunteers (CPSV)

The Committee's purpose is to:

- Provide advice and act as a resource to staff on public art proposals.
- Support activities, initiatives and events that benefit and advance art in the Township.
- Raise awareness and understanding of the importance of public art in the Township.
- Advise on strategies, policies, and programs to achieve excellence in art in the public realm.
- Make recommendations on temporary, permanent, and active art locations within the Township.

The CPSV may be assembled and consulted on an as needed basis for a specific project(s) with defined timelines. Review proposed project scope and terms of reference for each new Public Art project;

- Ensure application of established procedures and guidelines for each selection process;
- Advise and promote communication and outreach of the defined project to the community;
- Advise and recommend on proposed gifts, donations and bequests to the Township in accordance with established guidelines.

The CPSV may consist of up to 5 members which may include the following:

- Jury Artists (up to two);
- One Art Professional, for example a curator of an Art Gallery or an accredited Educator of Art;
- One Architect, Landscape Architect or Urban Design Professional
- One member of the Parks and Recreation Advisory Committee

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- One Township staff liaison
- Resident of Esquimalt

Role of Parks and Recreation Advisory Committee (PRAC):

- Provide Council with recommendations on public art proposals
- Advise on the development and implementation of selection, acquisition, maintenance and de-accession of artistic works to which this Policy applies;
- Advise on communication and outreach of the program and policies to the community; and
- Review and advise on the Public Art Plan.

Parks and Recreation staff will receive recommendations from the CPSV, and advice from the Parks and Recreation Advisory Committee related to the selection, acquisition, or de-accession of Public Art. Final decisions regarding the selection, acquisition or de-accession of artistic work will be made by Council.

FUNDING:

Funding to support this Policy will be provided through annual operating funding, supplemental and capital requests, local community grants, and the Public Art Reserve Fund.

Public Art Reserve Fund

An annual contribution of at least 1% of the current year contributions to the Capital Project Reserve Fund will be made. Township contributions to the Public Art Reserve Fund will also be used to leverage funding from other governmental and private sources.

A minimum of 75% of all funds collected must be used for the design, fabrication, installation and documentation of Public Art projects chosen through an objective jurying selection process.

Funds ranging up to 25% will be apportioned to the governance and administration of the selection process, collection, inventory, insurance, consulting services, legal requirements, deaccession of artistic works, and ongoing maintenance and conservation of Owned Public Art.

Maintenance costs for Public Art associated with a specific Township site will be incorporated into the annual operating budget for such site.

SELECTION:

The process for soliciting proposals for providing Public Art should:

- Attract Artists from a variety of artistic disciplines;
- Be meaningful, fair and equitable;
- Encourage opportunities for learning, participation, and experimentation in arts and culture;
- Incorporate and integrate Public Art into planning, design, and execution of selected Township development projects.

Proposals for providing or acquiring Public Art may be achieved through:

- Open competition;
- Invited competition;
- Direct award, where permitted by the Township's Purchasing and disposal Bylaw;

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• Other process approved by Council.

Public Art will be selected through a process informed by expertise and input through the CPSV. The selection will employ a jurying process coordinated by the Committee, with guidance from the ISWG. Final decisions regarding the selection and acquisition of artistic works will be made by Council.

Sites for Owned Public Art will be identified through the Public Art Plan.

Each artistic work that is being considered for selection as Owned Public Art may be evaluated according to the following criteria:

- Quality of work;
- Condition of work;
- Monetary and/or appraised value;
- Artistic reputation of the artist;
- Suitability of the artistic work for display in a Public Space;
- Durability and maintenance requirements;
- No duplication of other Owned Public Art or aspects thereof;
- Relevance to the Township's natural and built environment, cultural heritage, and/or history;
- Original Art;
- Ethical and legal considerations regarding ownership and copyright.

All offers of gifts, donations and bequests of artistic works will be reviewed by the CPSV with guidance from the Township's ISWG to assess artistic merit, site suitability and context, durability and maintenance requirements, financial implications and public safety prior to any acquisition, designation or installation as Public Art. Final decisions will be made by Council.

BORROWING AND RENTING OF PUBLIC ART:

All artistic works to be considered for selection as Borrowed Public Art may be evaluated against the following criteria:

- Quality of the artistic work;
- Artistic reputation of the Artist;
- Suitability of the artistic work for display in a Public Space (e.g. size, subject matter);
- Condition of the artistic work;
- The Township's ability to safely display the artistic work;
- Exposure provided for Greater Victoria artists.

Proposals for Borrowed Public Art will be reviewed by the ISWG . Sites for Borrowed Public Art will be identified through the Public Art Plan.

ACQUISITION AND SECURING:

The Township may acquire Owned Public Art through procurement or donation. Each acquisition will be accompanied by a maintenance plan that is supplied by the Artist or donor.

All donations must be unencumbered and the locations for donated artistic works will be subject to the Public Art Plan. The donor of the artistic work must have legal ownership to the artistic work and will be responsible for meeting the Canada Revenue Agency criteria if the donor wishes to receive an Official Receipt for Income Tax Purposes for the donation.

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This process, which includes an appraisal of the artistic work at the donor's expense, to determine its fair market value, requires pre-approval of the Township's Finance Department staff.

The Township may decline to consider or accept any gift, bequest, or donation of art in its sole discretion. Final decision to purchase Public Art will be made by council. The Township may secure Borrowed Public Art for display on a temporary basis.

Following the approval of a proposal, an appropriate agreement between the Artist and/or sponsoring organization and the Township will be executed. The Artist and/or sponsoring organization may be responsible for funding, installation, maintenance and timely removal of the artistic work, and restoration of the site.

AGREEMENTS:

Following the approval of the acquisition of an artistic work, the Artist will enter into a written agreement with the Township. This agreement will address the Artist's obligations, which may include, but are not limited to:

- Scope of work;
- Materials;
- Timelines;
- Installation;
- Maintenance and repair;
- Warranty;
- Copyright and moral rights;
- Payments to sub-contractors.

This agreement would also set out the Township's obligations that may include, but are not limited to:

- Payment;
- Adherence to the approved maintenance plan;
- Insurance of the artistic work;
- Community notification;
- Artist recognition.

INSTALLATION:

The Township is responsible for coordinating the installation of all Owned or Borrowed Public Art. The installation process will be identified, in advance, through the purchase, commission, donation, or exhibition agreement and may involve participation of the Artist and/or a contracted professional installer. The condition of all acquired artistic works will be evaluated upon receipt, and any problems found will be referred to the Artist for resolution, prior to installation.

INSURANCE:

All artistic works owned by the Township through purchase, commission and/or donation, are the property of the Township and are insured under the Township's Insurance Policies.

For all Borrowed Public Art, the Artist will submit proof, satisfactory to the Township, of insurance coverage for the artistic work, and/or a waiver freeing the Township from liability in case of accidental loss, theft, damage or vandalism. In addition, the Artist will submit a complete list of the displayed artistic work(s) which will include the title(s), dimensions, weight,

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medium/media, and if applicable, appraised value(s).

MAINTENANCE:

The Artist is responsible for developing a maintenance plan on a form supplied by the Township for each Public Art artistic work. The maintenance plan must be submitted to the Township for review and consideration along with the proposal to select the artistic work for acquisition. The complexity of the maintenance plan may vary based on the size, nature and material of the artistic work. Therefore, maintenance plans must also meet the satisfaction of the appropriate Township departmental staff through ISWG. Maintenance plans will include, but are not limited to, maintenance specifications, budget implications, manufacturer lists, and key contacts, including the Artist.

The Township is responsible for the care and maintenance of the artistic work, in accordance with the approved maintenance plan. Parks and Recreation staff will monitor the maintenance plan. The appropriate Township staff will undertake an inspection of the artistic work according to a pre-determined schedule. Staff may, if deemed necessary, retain a qualified art restorer to undertake the inspection and maintenance work.

STORAGE:

When storage of Public Art, whether short-term or long-term, is required, the Township will ensure that such storage is appropriate. Whenever possible, existing Township and community resources will be used for the storage and management of Township's Owned Public Art.

DE-ACCESSION OF PUBLIC ART:

The Township may de-accession Public Art when necessary. All reasonable efforts will first be made to resolve problems or relocate the Public Art, in consultation with the Artist and/or donor, where appropriate. Reasons for de-accession include, but are not limited to:

- Endangerment of public safety;
- Excessive repair or maintenance;
- Irreparable damage;
- Site redevelopment.

In the event of theft, vandalism or accidental loss, the Township may determine whether replacement or de-accession of the artistic work is appropriate.

NO ARTISTIC WORK WILL BE DE-ACCESSIONED AND DISPOSED OF WITHOUT CONSULTATION WITH THE PRAC. RECOMMENDATIONS OF PRAC REGARDING THE NEED FOR AND METHOD OF DE-ACCESSION WILL BE MADE TO PARKS AND RECREATION STAFF. THE DE-ACCESSIONED ARTISTIC WORK MAY BE MOVED, SOLD, RETURNED TO THE ARTIST OR DESTROYED, WITH ANY MONIES RECEIVED THROUGH A SALE ALLOCATED TO THE PUBLIC ART RESERVE FUND. FINAL DECISIONS WILL BE MADE BY COUNCIL.

PRIVATE ART:

Township staff (ISWG) will work with new and established businesses, agencies and other levels of government, architects, builders, contractors, and developers to identify opportunities for incorporating private artistic works into architecture, building and/or landscape designs of private infrastructure, or the layout of private open spaces, including private connections to adjacent public features (e.g. streets, bridges, road infrastructures, gateways, parks and open spaces), and related requirements for urban environments and streetscapes (e.g. requirements

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for light standards). Private sector developers should consider the integration of private artistic works into the design of private sites, including, but not limited to building facades, floors, ceilings, courtyards, or entrances and could include functional and decorative elements including, but not limited to benches, water features, and light standards.

MONITORING AND EVALUATION OF THIS POLICY:

Parks and Recreation staff, in consultation with the Parks and Recreation Advisory Committee will undertake an evaluation of this Policy within one year after it is fully implemented to assess its effectiveness and to identify amendments if required. Following this initial review, this Policy will be re-evaluated at least every five years.

Any proposed amendments will be submitted to Council for consideration and approval. The Township will regularly monitor the effectiveness of the Policy.

DEFINITIONS:

Acquisition The process of accepting an artistic work whether by commissioning, purchase, gift, or other means, into the Township's collection of public art.

Administration Program Costs: The amount that is taken off the top of the total art allocation in order to administrate a project. This amount is used for, but not limited to, the following: advertising, printing of competition briefs, jury fees, artist's maquette fee, plaque, lighting of work, invitations for official openings, photo documentation of the finished work, contingencies, etc. Program costs vary according to type of competition and project.

Art in public spaces Art in Public Places: A visual artwork in any media created by a professional artist(s) that has been planned and executed with the specific intention of being sited or staged in public space, and is acquired in compliance with the Township of Esquimalt Public Art Policy:

- Integrated forms a physical part of a building, structure or landscape. If the site were to be redeveloped, the art would be as well.
- Stand-alone (non-integrated) is not a physical part of a building, structure or landscape.
- Short-term durational is an original work by a professional artist(s) that is created for a specific occasion, time frame or event and which is situated at a particular site on a short-term basis. The art may cover a range of forms including, but not limited to, visual art, digital art, sound art, and performance-based work.
- Site-specific, whether long-term or temporary, functional or aesthetic, standalone or integrated and in any media, is an original work that is created in response to the immediate context.
- This Policy includes murals and other artistic works that are considered temporary art. Furnishings, such as benches, light standards, and signage, are not subject to this Policy unless a design component is commissioned. Museum, library and archival collections, commemorative plaques and memorials are not subject to this Policy.

Artist The designer/creator of an artwork who has completed specialized training in his or her artistic field or is recognized by their peers as such; is committed to his/her artistic activity; and has a history of public presentation.

The Canada Council for the Arts defines a professional artist as someone who:

- has specialized training in the field, consistent with the standards of their practice.
- is recognized by other artists working in the same tradition as an artist of superior achievement or potential.

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- is committed to their own artistic vision, retains creative control and is committed to the creation and/or promotion of original work.
- has a history of public presentation in a professional context, receives professional compensation for the public presentation of their work, and actively seeks to maximize their audience, regardless of purely commercial considerations.

Borrowed refers to artistic work that is borrowed or rented by the Township through a loan agreement or for a defined period of time from an artist or lender who owns and retains ownership of the artistic work.

Community Art Program An artwork created collaboratively between an artist and an identified community. Community members actively participate in the creation of the artwork. The art process is of equal importance to the art created. The goal of the community art process is to create artwork that is accessible to a large public not simply by virtue of its placement in a public space, or because of its content, but through the engagement of numerous people in the community.

Creative Placemaking Support Volunteers CPSV is an advisory group with representation from curators, working artists, creative entrepreneurs, cultural producers, community members, and staff liaison to provide direction for site selection process and suitable creative.

De-accession refers to the process of removing an artistic work from the Township's collection of Public Art.

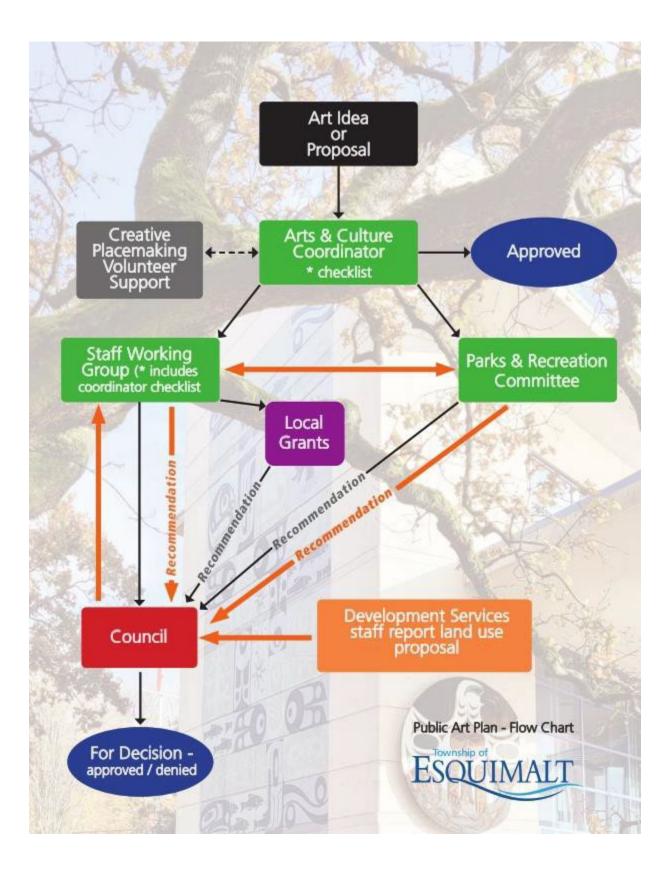
Local Grants Committee This committee operates under the Local Grant Policy-20 and is designed to financially assist community groups and not-for-profit societies and organizations in achieving their objectives. Local grant funding is intended to provide support to societies, organizations and committees with the expectation is that alternate sources of funding will be secured.

Owned Public Art refers to an artistic work that is owned by the Township for the benefit of current and future generations.

Public Art Plan (Appendix A) refers to the attached plan led by the Parks and Recreation Department and developed and managed jointly by staff of the Parks and Recreation Department, Public Works and Engineering Department and the Development Services Department to guide this Policy and to recommend practical implementation strategy for Public Art. In addition to identifying and prioritizing locations throughout the Township where Public Art may be situated, the Plan provides recommendations regarding themes and materials based on public engagement assessment of the current inventory of Public Art and will serve as the first stage in the development of a more detailed and longer-term Public Art plan.

Public Space refers to space available for use by the public, and can include, but is not limited to, parks, boulevards, trail systems, open spaces, waterways, roads, bridges, gateways, street spaces, civic squares and exterior and interior public areas associated with buildings or structures owned, operated, occupied, or used by or for the Township.

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Township of Esquimalt Art in Public Spaces Principal Plan









INDIGENOUS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Before the Township of Esquimalt was formed, the ləkwəŋən speaking Peoples lived in balance and interconnectedness with the land and water.

We honour these homelands and their stewardship by the Songhees and Esquimalt Peoples by acknowledging that we are on these traditional, ancestral, and unceded territories. We continue to learn about these lands and are grateful to lak^waŋan artists and knowledgesharers who guide this work.





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Cover Photos

(Left) "Waves" Emma Thais Holland and Jameel Moolani

(Middle) Claire Gaulin-Brown at Tudor House Liquor Store

(Right) Mosaic Garden by Rosemary and Geoff Murray

Key Takeaways



KEY TAKEAWAYS

The Township benefits from being a growing community that is welcoming a new generation of residents and creative entrepreneurs and producers, along with an established artsfriendly public. The visual public realm is significantly enhanced by the intentional and thoughtful placement of artworks to-date through its existing public art policy. The Art in Public Spaces Plan identifies ways the Township can ensure it keeps pace with an increased demand for an enhanced public realm and achieve its aims through arts and cultureled community and economic development.

1

Being arts-friendly at the Township is a key consideration for the Plan's implementation where are our policies and practices helping advance cultural development, and where are they getting in the way? The creation of a Creative Placemaking Advisory Group with subject matter experts, and an Interdepartmental Working Group are two key roles and responsibilities for carrying-out the Plan.

2

The Plan is guided by a vision and strategic commitment to:

3

66

create spaces that are meaningful, inspiring, thought-provoking and accessible; honour Esquimalt and Songhees heritage; empower creativity and community; and support the development of artists and design.

??

The need for improved organization and coordination of a policy that encapsulates the five distinctive programmatic areas of public art and an expanded definition of public art, to include:

4

- Community Art Program
- Civic and Capital Projects Program
- Creative Placemaking for Temporary PA, Street Art and Art Activations
- Private Developer
 Program
- Acquisitions and Maintenance Program

Creative Placemaking is a distinctive emphasis in the present Art in Public Spaces Plan and reflects a new direction for public art policies and program that offers a hybrid approach to implementing local government cultural development aims with public art. Learn more about Creative Placemaking in the Introduction, Section 1.2 page 9.

5

Engagement with the community revealed an arts-loving public who greatly contributed to the vision and strategic directions of the plan, and particularly resonated in informing the Plan's Values and Guiding Principles of:

6

- Cultural and Natural Heritage
- Diversity
- Openness and Ease
- Support
- Dialogue
- Sustainable

Featured on page 29.

Public Art linkages to other Township policies, strategic and land use plans, and Bylaws are numerous and varied. This highlights the importance of having a robust and effective interdepartmental team managing this work. Creating a Procedures Manual and Operations Handbook for Staff to enhance coordination, support and delivery of

the program, is another

major recommendation

of the present plan, along

with the increasing need

for an eventual part-time contract of a Community

Connections Specialist role. Thank you to staff who attended workshops for their helpful input.

7

Ensuring community members had active. participatory and creative ways of participating in the Plan's development was a key objective of the engagement framework. The Project Team extends its thanks to the over 300 people who contributed to the shaping of this Plan, and in particular the "Help us Paint a Picture" Sounding Board Campaign and the virtual Kudoboard. See Section 2—Engagement page 17.

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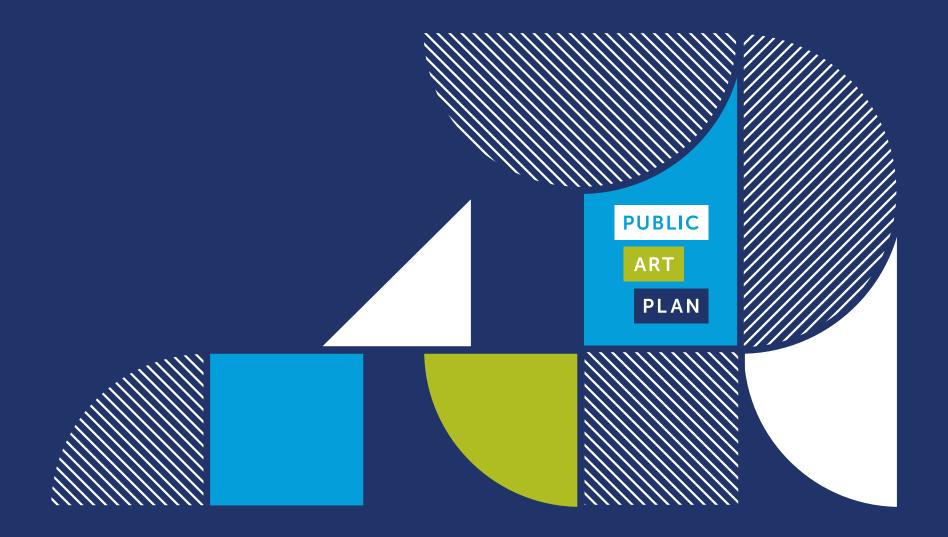
Listening and learning to understand and share meaning in the reflections of place, and Indigenous Cultural Heritage and Natural Heritage is a central objective of Strategic Direction 2 –lək*əŋən and Local—featuring artists of this land and place. See **page 33**.

9

Going forward, "Quick Wins" to ensure the Art in Public Spaces Plan is activated are identified on **page 38** along with the delivery of an Implementation Framework and ongoing communications and engagement throughout the life of the Plan.

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1.0 Introduction



1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

In 2016, the Township of Esquimalt adopted a comprehensive Public Art Policy to establish a standardized and transparent process for the selection, acquisition, maintenance and de-accession of public art, and to provide a sustainable funding model for the management of public art.

The Public Art Policy is effective as a policy tool, it does not, however, provide strategic direction for investment and priorities for Esquimalt's art in public spaces. Recognizing this planning gap, as well as the need to develop tools to support local cultural development, the Township engaged Patricia Huntsman Culture + Communication in April 2021 to undertake the Art in Public Places Principal Plan project.

The purpose of the Art in Public Spaces Principal Plan project is to:

- Identify potential for public art in Esquimalt;
- Link with other key planning initiatives, bylaws and policies;
- Outline governance, funding and operational policies and procedures for implementing a public art program; and
- Develop a broad guiding and working document with an implementation plan and funding strategy.

The Principal Plan project culminated in the production of the Township of Esquimalt Art in Public Places Principal Plan—a visionary five-year planning document that defines the future direction of art in Esquimalt's public places.



Claire Gaulin-Brown at Tudor House Liquor Store

1.2 Art in Public Spaces

Public art is artwork in the public realm (e.g. facades, parks, streets, public open spaces), which is physically or visually accessible to the public and possesses aesthetic qualities. It has evolved from more traditional notions of public art, such as traditional bronze statues, to now encompass a range of forms, sizes and scales that often interpret the history, people, social and/or environmental issues of place.

Whether permanent or temporary, public art can manifest in diverse forms such as murals, digital new media, sculpture and integrated architectural or landscape architectural work.

The experience of public art has also evolved, shifting away from passive, where the spectator merely views, to a more participatory activity. Examples of participatory art-based experiences range in scope from Burning Man to community created murals and art gardens, all of which engage the spectator and invite them to take on roles as creators of art.

In recognition that many types of art forms and disciplines can assist in activating and animating the public realm, more commonly and inclusively, public art is termed as 'art in public spaces'.

Art in public spaces can play an important role in cultural development, helping to strengthen communities' cultural identities and cultures by developing 'spirit of place' through the commissioning, collecting and incorporation of unique works of art.

For example, art in public spaces is being incorporated into municipal signage and gateway designs to foster community identity and improve brand awareness.

Art in public spaces is also used to share stories to connect people and places, beautify and invigorate the public realm and humanize built environments.

What is Public Art? = Art in Public Spaces

Invests in a space with 'place-making' qualities and culture, it has the capacity to interpret the historic, social, cultural and narrative nuances that distinguish our communities and create a true sense of place. –The Arts Office, North Vancouver



"Welcome" pillars in several languages and in braille

New models and processes are being explored to enhance the inclusivity, impact and sustainability of art in public spaces initiatives as a response to civic issues and community needs.

The narrative in many cities is changing to stress the importance of investing in public space and in expanding creative placemaking initiatives of which public art is a crucial component.

Creative placemaking is a process that uses arts and cultural strategies to implement community-led change. It intentionally leverages the power of the arts, culture and creativity to serve a community's interest that also builds character and quality of place. Creative placemaking outcomes can be both physical (e.g. rejuvenated or activated public spaces) and social (e.g. relationship building among diverse stakeholders).

Examples of such projects include using artists to imbue playground areas, basketball courts and other public spaces with bold, colourful patterns, creating temporary "pop-up" Cultural development is the strategic planning and implementation of strategies to leverage a community's unique cultural resources for the social, economic, environmental and cultural benefit of a community.

patios in existing parking spots featuring art installations and space for live performances—and more!

As cultural development and creative placemaking are increasingly recognized as essential to community-building and economic

development, art in public spaces, artists, and creative workers are being welcomed and embedded into all facets of community planning and development. With this comes the opportunity to meaningfully integrate art in public spaces into public projects and the public realm, thereby shaping community character, strengthening quality of place and helping to create place attachment among people living and working in communities. 'Creative placemaking' is a process that uses arts and cultural strategies to implement community-led change.



Concert at Ribfest



Dave H. at Tudor House Liquor Store

1.3 Community Profile

Esquimalt is located on the southern tip of what is known colonially as Vancouver Island. It is bordered to the east by the provincial capital, Victoria, to the south by the Strait of Juan de Fuca, to the west by Esquimalt Harbour and Royal Roads, to the northwest by the Esquimalt First Nation, the New Songhees First Nation and the town of View Royal, and to the north by the Gorge Inlet, across which is the district municipality of Saanich.

The area is home to the Esquimalt and the Songhees Peoples. In the language of the ləkwəŋən-speaking peoples, Es-whoy-malth means 'place of shoaling waters', which reflects the community's maritime setting. In the most recent Census, Esquimalt had a total Indigenous population of 1,190 people with the majority identifying as Métis (43%), and (55%) identified as First Nations, reflecting a blend of urban Indigenous People and local

Ləkʷəŋən-speaking People.

Esquimalt is a growing community, as demonstrated by its surge in development and planned areas for future residential intensification (e.g. Esquimalt Town Square, West Bay Triangle, Esquimalt Road Corridor), and corresponding population growth.



Cairn at Highrock Park



Jesse Campbell at Rootside Bitters & Mixers

Community Profile by the Numbers

Total population 17,655

Esquimalt's population grew by 8.9%, compared to 6.5% in the CRD (between 2011 and 2016).

By 2038, Esquimalt's population is projected to reach 18,300, an increase of 10.2% from 2011¹.

Average age of the Median age of the population population 43.2

43.4.

70.1% of Esquimalt's population is 15-64 years of age, compared to 65.3% in the CRD.

Total visible minority population

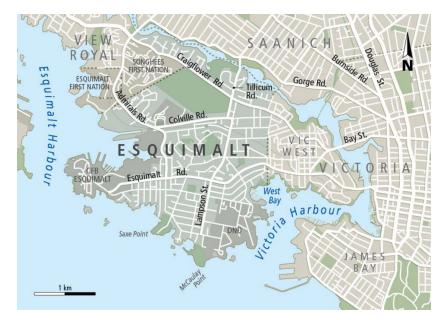
Total visible minority % of total population 9.8%

The largest visible minority population is Filipino (330 population, 1.9% of total population), followed by Chinese (325 population, 1.8% of total population).

Esquimalt residents have a University Certificate, Diploma or Degree at a bachelor level or higher.

18.2%

Sources: Statistics Canada, 2016; 2018 Regional Growth Strategy; OCP, 2018



Times Columnist, 2018



Kay Gallivan at GMC Projects Inc.

¹Based on past trends, the OCP projects the Township's population could exceed the RGS' 2038 projection by the year 2021.

1.4 Public Art in Esquimalt

Esquimalt's OCP provides broad policy direction to support art in public spaces. Other municipal documents such as the Economic Development Strategy, Public Art Policy and neighbourhood design guidelines further articulate the Township's focus on integrating public art into the 'everyday life' of Esquimalt.

The Municipal Hall has several works of art, including original watercolours, acrylics and limited edition prints on display in public areas, meeting rooms and offices. Through its first public art competition in 2004, which coincided with the development of the Municipal Hall, Esquimalt now features several art pieces on the exterior of the building including, Re-emergence of the Lifebringers by Marianne Nicolson, Thunderbird Orca Spindle Whorl by Charles Elliott, Mosaic Garden by Rosemary and Geoff Murray and Ribbon of Life by Daniel Cline. New development is also spurring more public art in the community.

Esquimalt's Town Square, which is part of the larger Esquimalt Village Project, is planned to include civic, residential and commercial uses, among which is a public square and a through-block art walk.



(Left) Re-emergence of the Lifebringers: this mural by Marianne Nicolson is located on the outside wall of the Municipal Hall at 1229 Esquimalt Road

(Right) Thunderbird Orca Spindle Whorl by Charles Elliott



The limited amount of public art in Esquimalt is centralized within the Esquimalt town centre. While effective in contributing to the revitalization of Esquimalt's town core and ongoing economic development efforts, other areas of Esquimalt would also benefit from art in public spaces which are identified in Strategic Direction 5 of the plan on **page 37**.

These art in public spaces could help revitalize Esquimalt Road Boulevard and invigorate existing mixed uses (commercial, medium and high density residential). As active and passive recreation is valued in the community, parks and trails such as the E&N Trail—Galloping Goose and Saxe Point Park could also serve as key strategic sites for future art in public spaces. Other possible opportunities include the numerous gateways to Esquimalt from Victoria, Saanich and View Royal which could be enhanced through art in public spaces to celebrate arrival. Sense of place and place attachment could also be nurtured within Esquimalt's six neighbourhoods through art in public spaces that reflects the stories of people and places unique to these areas.



(Left) Ribbon of Life by Daniel Cline (Right) Mosaic Garden by Rosemary and Geoff Murray

Public Art strengthens community identity and culture by developing "spirit of place" through the commissioning, collecting and incorporation of unique works of art.



-The Arts Office, North Vancouver



1.5 Broader Context of Art in Public Spaces

Planning Context Report

Want to learn more about art in public spaces?

The Planning Context Report serves as a 'backgrounder' for the reader on current public art practices, trends, and opportunities within local government. It can be found in Appendix A and at the link below, and provides further details on all aspects of public art including:

- Trends and Emerging Best Practices
- Municipal Funding Models for Public Art
- Funding for the Maintenance of a Public Art Collection
- Developer Public Art Programs and Contributions to Municipal Public Art
- Integration of Ecology/Environment into Public Art Pieces and Process
- Permanent Collections
- Models for the Selection of Public Art Pieces and Processes
- Ephemeral and Temporary Art Projects
- Private Art Donations and Requests to Sell Artwork to a City
- City Linkages (Policies, Plans, Bylaws)

esquimalt.ca/parks-recreation/public-art-plan

Funding Mechanisms:

Best practices for municipal funding models include:

- Provision of an annual public art operating budget (adjusted for inflation)
- Partnerships with local arts organizations and community groups
- Partnerships with businesses and business improvement areas
- Partnerships with other public agencies and educational institutions
- Integration of public art initiatives into municipal capital projects
- Integration of public art initiatives into public agency and educational institution capital projects
- Integration of public art initiatives into private developments
- Donations of funding and/or art from individuals and the private sector
- Third-Party Billboard Tax
- Legacy funding opportunities
- Crowdfunding

Program Areas in Local Government Art in Public Spaces Policy

Typically for local governments, art in public spaces policy includes the following program areas:

- 1. Community Art Program
- 2. Civic and Capital Projects Program
- **3.** Creative Placemaking for Temporary PA, Street Art and Art Activations
- 4. Private Developer Program
- 5. Acquisitions and Maintenance Program



Esquimalt Community Arts Hub Community Mosaic Project was designed by Keira Nolting and Levi Rowan, the design was created by Katherine Babcock

Broader Context of Cultural Development

Like any sector in today's economy, Canada's \$54 billion cultural sector is undergoing significant change. These broader factors need to be taken into consideration in both local cultural development and more specifically for strategies around art in public spaces strategy, and at the community partnerships level:



2.0 Engagement



2.0 ENGAGEMENT

2.1 Approach

As a plan to guide the incorporation of art in public space, Township staff, artists, community groups, Indigenous artists, and, most importantly, the public were all consulted to capture the narrative of the communities' views and aspirations for public art.

Phase 2 of the development of the Township's Art in Public Spaces Principal Plan utilized a comprehensive engagement strategy that was guided by the following objectives:

Celebrates pride of place and arts and cultural life of **Esquimalt.**

Engage with community members in public spaces in active, participatory and creative ways.

Build on current practices and trends in creative placemaking to enhance the public realm.

The information gathered from multiple stakeholders through targeted community outreach and open dialogue provided considerable insights that helped shape the Art in Public Spaces Plan's Strategic Directions and Guiding Principles.

ustrial level with our have photo wraps ralia with these al roots needed a ake root to support installed these big ld travel down. To piect they worked pretty them up. The ul walk that support te spirit of the



section of Carlisle between Fraser and Park could be made into a pedestrian street, with

painted walkways, benches, planted trees, an

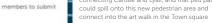
art display and perhaps a space or two for food

trucks (something like the attached, on a smaller

scale, but softened with more trees and natural

landscaping... or simply a mixture of some of the

iblish a few things we nity: street lights, valk, curbs. lick one of those r and where Then chools, a certain tists, and then a



development The recent Town Square project and the Carlisle proposal is bringing in a good amount of additional homes and people to the area,

be willing to contribute.)

and food could be really great here.

ideas on this page).



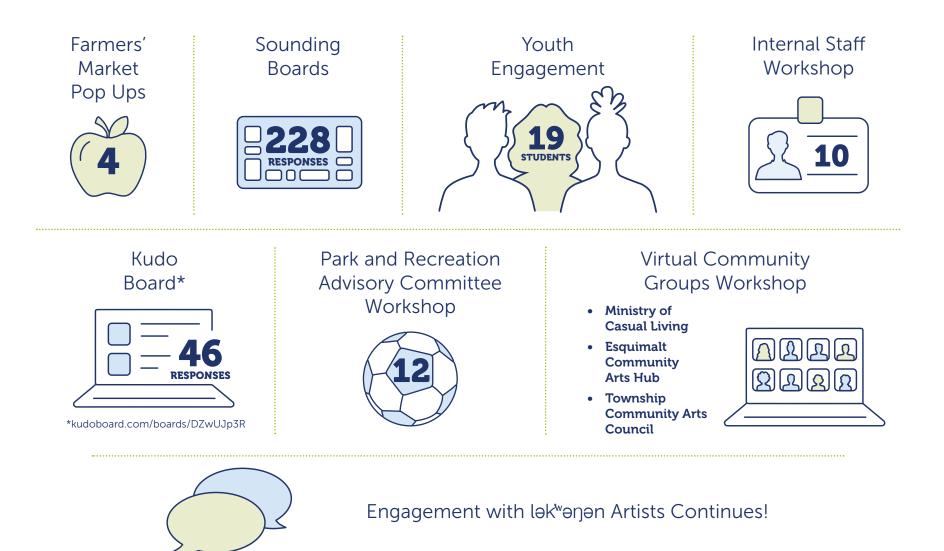
Developers are proposing a pedestrian path connecting Carlisle and Lyall, and that ped path so another outdoor, artistic and nature-filled gathering space that could be friendly for music (There would also be a significant benefit for the new Carlisle development, so perhaps they would

Highlight from Kudo Board View the full board at kudoboard.com/boards/DZwUJp3R

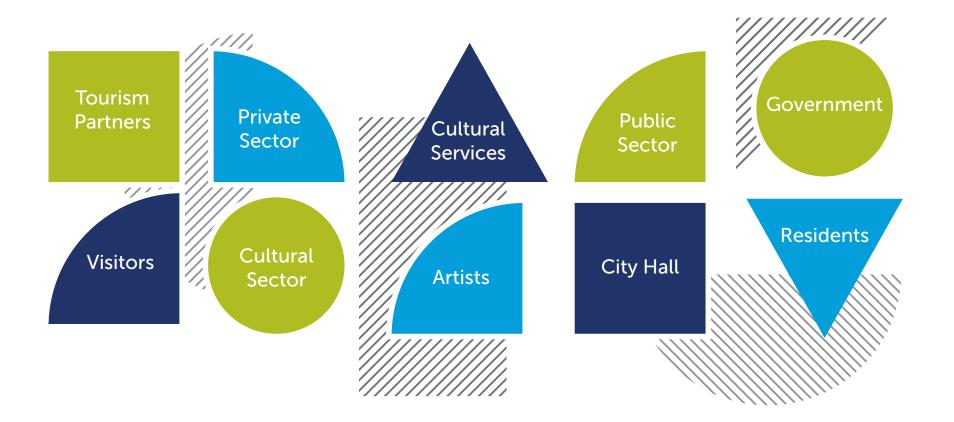


Sounding Board Example

Engagement Activities—over 300 individual responses



Ecosystem View for Engagement



Inform • Listen & Confirm • Measure

2.2 Project Timeline

Project Timeline and Engagement Overview

Pre-planning (March)

- Start up meeting
- Planning process scope
- Task group set up
- Documents scan
- Community engagement framework and communications plan
- Brand development
- Facilitation guides
- Context and plan linkages
- Best practice review Reports

Engagement (April-June)

- Sounding Boards
- Community Groups Workshop 1
- Creative Engagements
- PRAC/Council
- Updates
- Pop Up Event

Validation/Synthesis (Summer)

- Synthesize findings, including benchmarks with comparisons
- Identify Priorities/ Directions
- Draft Guiding Principles and Vision
- Validation session: Community Workshop 2

Draft/Finalize (Sept-Oct)

4

- Vision/Key Themes to Council
- Meeting with PRAC
- Draft Strategy and Implementation Plan
- Public feedback
- Finalize plan
- Open House focused roll out events

2.3 Key Findings

Where can we animate Public Spaces through the arts?



What We've Heard: Key Themes and Priorities



3.0 Summary Recommendations



3.0 SUMMARY RECOMMENDATIONS

Expand the definition of public art in the Township's Public Art Policy to include the following program areas:

- Community Art Program
- Civic and Capital Projects
 Program
- Creative Placemaking for Temporary PA, Street Art and Art Activations
- Private Developer Program
- Acquisitions and Maintenance
 Program

.....

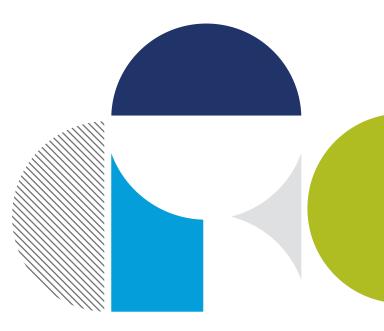
Support the Vision, Values and Guiding Principles for the Township Art in Public Spaces Plan and its adoption in principle. Work towards establishing the Community Arts Project Grants and the Small Neighbourhood Grants programs.

The expanded definition of the policy centres on the inclusion of temporary works of art, and would include the addition of the five distinctive programmatic areas. See **page 31** for the expanded definition.



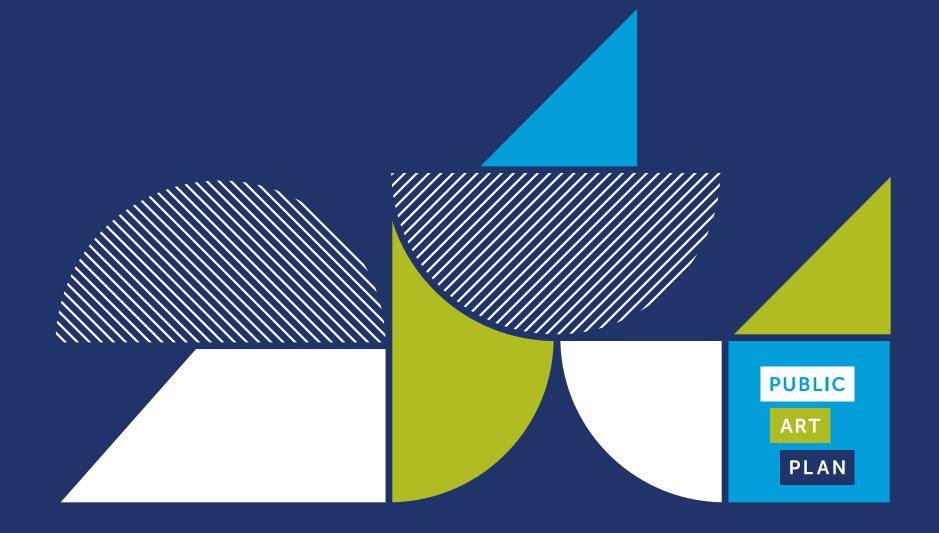
Establish a stand-alone Creative Placemaking Advisory Group and Interdepartmental Working Group with clear roles and responsibilities to effectively advise on, manage and implement the Art in Public Spaces Plan and Program. Use creative placemaking as a strategic tool to advance cultural development at the Township.

5



Art Lab

4.0 Vision & Strategy



4.0 VISION & STRATEGY

We are committed to making spaces for art that...



Values and Guiding Principles



Cultural and Natural Heritage

Our sense of place, community identity and natural heritage is valued.



Diversity

In artistic form, practice, and community representation— for all people.



Openness and Ease

New approaches to artistic initiatives are supported.



Support

Artists are valued as key members of the community and protected from undue constraints on the creative process.



Dialogue

Art in public spaces is valued for reflection and public discourse.



Sustainable

Infrastructure for the purposes of creation, production, presentation, promotion and distribution should be maintained and supported.



Creative place-making: Animating spaces through the arts.

Being arts-friendly by reducing red tape, and creating artsready sites through careful planning to consider cultural infrastructure will help to facilitate creative place-making such as temporary public art, street art and new creative expression in civic spaces and neighbourhoods through the commission and exhibition of works.

Objective 1.1:

To transform spaces by intentionally leveraging artistic and creative activity to serve the community and build identity and quality of place.

SUPPORTING ACTIONS

1. Expand the Public Art Policy definition of art in public spaces to the following:

"Art in public spaces" (public art) is defined as original artwork selected, commissioned, created, programmed or donated for location in the public domain, and created by an artist. Artworks and activity may be permanent or **transitory**, functional, integrated or discrete to the site. Artwork created or initiated by the community for the public realm, which may be led by an artist, is also considered public art.

2. Support neighbourhood and resident-led opportunities for pop-up arts activities to animate spaces by:



Story Festival in Memorial Park

- creating an easy-to-complete check list of requirements and reduce red-tape to foster creative activity by residents and local groups.
- introducing a Small Neighbourhoods Grant Program (up to \$1,000 for activities and \$2,500 for creative placemaking projects)
- **3.** Be an arts-friendly community—encourage local street-level commercial spaces with empty storefronts to provide temporary pop-up gallery spaces, thereby increasing pedestrian traffic, reducing vandalism, and attracting interest and investment.
- **4.** Expand terms of allocation for the Public Art Fund to provide more transparency and access to public art funding for program areas such as creative placemaking.

- **5.** Integrate creative placemaking tools such as light installations, façade interventions, self-guided art walks and runs, performance sites, and pop up arts spots as part of public art programming throughout the Township.
- 6. In partnership with Esquimalt Community Arts Hub or another community group, program a "Feed the Arts" series of Pop Up Picnics and Cafes with local vendors and food trucks to activate spaces, encourage gathering*, raise awareness of art in public spaces, and facilitate creative placemaking. Sale proceeds to be directed towards the public art fund or mural project.
- **7.** Form an Interdepartmental Art in Public Spaces Staff Team to encourage a creative placemaking lens in Township planning and initiatives for the purpose of identifying and increasing intergenerational, inviting and creatively designed urban spaces.
- Identify and develop a network of 'creative zones' a series of year-round arts-ready programmed spaces such as at Street Plaza by the Archie Browning Centre for arts activation. Ensure a distributed network of creative zones beyond the downtown core.
- **9.** Work with an outside organization, such as the Esquimalt Community Arts Hub Mural Festival program, for identifying creative placemaking opportunities as a 'quick win' in implementing creative placemaking during COVID recovery.
- **10.** Create an inventory of arts-ready programmable public spaces (creative zones) and art plans for vacant property and businesses.
- **11.** Form a Creative Placemaking Advisory group with representation from curators, working artists, creative entrepreneurs, cultural producers, community members, and staff liaison to provide direction for site selection process and suitable creative

placemaking opportunities and tasked with implementation of this Strategic Direction. Community members should ideally represent diverse backgrounds and serve as representatives from Township neighbourhoods.

12. Consider art activities that can become shareable on social media to increase accessibility and enjoyment of our sense of place; and encourage interactivity of the senses.





(Top) Ribfest (Bottom) Sandcastle Splash

*in keeping with COVID protocols.

ləkwəŋən and Local: Featuring artists of this land and place.

Reflecting Indigenous cultural heritage and natural heritage is a priority through meaningful relationship-building with Songhees and Esquimalt artists. Our thanks to the artists who contributed their feedback.

OBJECTIVE 2.1:

Listen to local Songhees and Esquimalt First Nations—the ləkwəŋən People— to understand and share meaning in their reflections of place.

SUPPORTING ACTIONS

- **1.** Observing appropriate engagement protocols, hear from local First Nations as to their stories of the meaning of these lands and place.
- **2.** Reflect local Indigenous stories through art in public spaces. This may include:
 - a. Façade interventions
 - **b.** Interpretive signage
 - c. Place names and language use
 - d. Didactic panels on trails and in parks
 - e. Animating local art walks with storytellers
- **3.** Create an Indigenous Artist in Residence Program at the Township of Esquimalt, beginning with the Pavilion opening.
- **4.** Prioritize the Pavilion and near-term construction projects as key sites for commissioning significant Indigenous public artwork.

- **5.** Create an Artist in the Park program to include a dynamic role wherein an artist would design and lead guided, active interpretive-based projects over the summer months.
- **6.** Work to decolonize public art calls and remove barriers to access for Indigenous artists.
- **7.** Continue to build relationships with the Tah'lum Indigenous Artist Collective to guide decolonization actions in art in public spaces.
- **8.** Involve Indigenous artists in advising on and guiding projects earlier on in site and artist selection processes.
- **9.** Assist in supporting the development of studio and practice space for ləkwəŋən artists to remove this barrier to participating in art in public spaces calls.
- **10.** Create opportunities for Songhees and Esquimalt artists to work in community on public art projects thereby offering more community voices towards creating and sharing work.



World Oceans Day in Gorge Park

Connected and collaborative: Engaging community arts.

Community Arts, Public Engagement and Awareness are essential for engaging communities in developing pride of place. Community members will be involved in the public art program through art-making, consultation, education and promotion.

Objective 3.1

To foster social inclusion and wellness, participation, pride of place and arts awareness through community-based art in public spaces and collaboration with community groups.

Supporting Actions

- 1. Reflect the needs of equity-seeking communities by ensuring representation in the new community Creative Placemaking Advisory Group, and by working in partnership with local equity-seeking groups.
- **2.** Create arts kits throughout the Township in specific sites such as parks to encourage art-making by residents. Allow for temporary display.
- **3.** Identify a community partner to support the coordination of the Street Arts Banner Program in keeping with Township guidelines.





(Top) Lantern Festival (Bottom) Ukulele Club

4. Hold an orientation workshop every two years for community groups and volunteers on how to work with the Township with the aim of familiarizing participants with safety requirements and regulations.

- 5. Work in partnership with Esquimalt Community Arts Hub, the local Community Arts Council, or other local arts agencies in identifying and implementing an annual calendar of community-based arts-making activities and projects such as a mural program or other identified opportunities, sharing volunteers for creative placemaking activities, sourcing local artists for community-based projects etc.
- 6. Work with local artists as subject-matter experts in advisor and facilitator roles in community-based arts projects.
- **7.** Designate certain sites for street art, ideally situated in creative zones or high urban density locations.
- **8.** Develop a Community Arts Project Grant (up to \$5,000 for creative placemaking projects) to support small, temporary community-driven art projects.

The Community Arts program would reflect the Guiding Principles of the Art in Public Spaces Program, as well as opportunities to enrich cultural life in neighbourhoods and public spaces.

The Community Arts Project Grant program should aim to support small- scale community-engaged art projects including events, festivals, and celebrations to:

- Support communities to experience and create artistic and cultural work
- Expand equity-seeking communities access to culturally relevant work
- Increase opportunities for equity-seeking groups to explore and share their cultural heritage
- Offer co-creative projects between communities and artists or cultural practitioners
- Amplify cultural life throughout Esquimalt neighbourhoods, communities and public spaces

- Build and strengthen connections across and between diverse communities
- **9.** Create engaging communication tools to help educate residents on the role and value of public art in the Township while linking to heritage and history of place.
- **10.** Work with the community and local partners in designating at least two 'creative zones' for children's artwork and art-making.
- **11.** Engage young adults in public art and placemaking through Instagram photo essay contests or other digital tools. Begin with engagement and consultation with local youth-led groups.
- **12.** Foster social inclusion and wellness by linking with local social agencies, seniors and newcomers' groups to identify ways of introducing and welcoming these demographics into Esquimalt's community arts programs.
- 13. Identify urban canvas spaces/ free walls as part of the "Creative Zones" for street art use as part of temporary public art works.

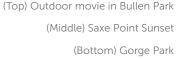


Macaulay Point Anchor and mural

Outdoor arts is integrated into our everyday.

Outdoor arts was a rising trend pre-COVID that has become an increasingly sought-after demand for art in public spaces participation.

- **1.** Link with Parks planning and previous supporting actions in other Strategic Direction areas that relate to outdoor art opportunities.
- 2. Refer to the many Kudoboard examples that integrated art in public spaces to outdoor arts through landscape design, parks equipment with music, ease-of use and enjoyment pieces such as bird houses, bicycle racks and benches, pathways and gating, etc.
- **3.** Use parking lots as temporary spaces for art performance and presentation.
- **4.** Create a small neighbourhood grants program to support for outdoor art in public spaces opportunities, or link to new Community Arts program fund.
- **5.** Support the development of an urban art tour or art crawl that invites Township residents to see the work of the arts community.









Key sites for signature projects.

OBJECTIVE 5.1:

Ensure art in public spaces is sited in the best possible locations for the enhancement of placemaking, and the broadest opportunity for engagement and experience by residents and visitors alike.

The following sites have been identified by the community and Staff as priority sites for art in public spaces.

PRIORITY SITES INCLUDE

- Main entry points to city
- Saxe Point Park and Macauley Point
- Increased accessible gathering* spaces
- Community arts creative zones
- Archie Browning Sports Centre
- Esquimalt Road Boulevard
- E&N Trail/Trackside Gallery
- Esquimalt Gorge Park



Saxe Point Park



Macauley Point



Archie Browning Sport Centre



Esquimalt Road Boulevard



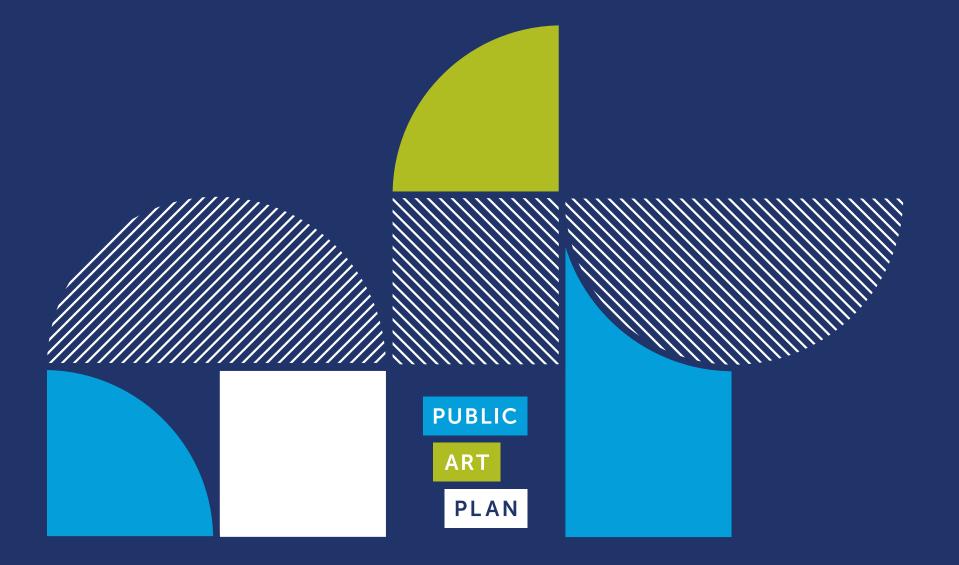




Esquimalt Gorge Park

*in keeping with COVID protocols.

5.0 Going Forward



5.0 GOING FORWARD

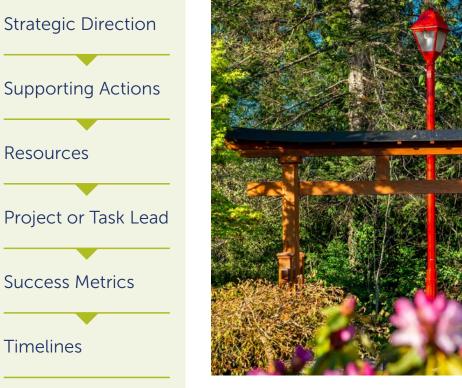
Roles and Responsibilities

Establishing a stand-alone Creative Placemaking Advisory Group and Interdepartmental Working Group with clear roles and responsibilities is essential to effectively advise on, manage and implement the Art in Public Spaces Plan and Program. Respecting the recommendations of subject matter experts such as curators, arts practitioners, cultural producers and creative entrepreneurs will make a significant difference in the successful outcome of the Art in Public Spaces Plan's implementation.

While the Township is growing its awareness of strategic cultural development across its interdepartmental team, it should work towards resourcing a contracted role* for supporting this expanding area that requires a background in cultural development. There is growing community frustration of not having a dedicated arts and culture specialist role to facilitate this work at the Township which is recommended as future staffed role.

Going forward, it is envisioned that the Interdepartmental Working Group and the Creative Advisory Group will outline Years 2-5 in the Implementation Framework which will include identified resources, success metrics, project/task lead and timelines. An outline of Year 1 Implementation actions are identified on the following page.

*this can be a non-employee role to begin in the form of a contracted role at 25 hours per week or in combination with third-party service delivery agreements with qualified community arts organizations.



Tori Gate at Gorge Park

Communications & Implementation

YEAR 1: SETTING THE STAGE FOR SUCCESS

- Adopt the Art in Public Spaces Plan, and the Vision, Purpose and Guiding Principles for the Township of Esquimalt Art in Public Spaces Program Areas.
- **2.** Define the Township of Esquimalt Art in Public Spaces Program to include four program areas:
 - Community Public Art and Engagement Program
 - Private Developer Public Art Program
 - Creative Placemaking Program for Temporary Public Art, Street Art and Art Activations
 - Public Art Capital Projects
- **3.** Create an interdepartmental Art in Public Spaces Staff Team with clear roles and responsibilities to effectively manage and support the program.
- **4.** Use the Art in Public Spaces Program as a Pride of Place tool in advancing cultural development.
- **5.** Complete the Procedures Manual and Operations Handbook for Staff.
- **6.** Work with an outside organization, such as the Esquimalt Community Arts Hub, for identifying creative placemaking opportunities as a 'quick win' in implementing creative placemaking during COVID recovery.
- **7.** Identify investment opportunities from the Art in Public Spaces fund for near-term art projects.
- **8.** Include subject-matter experts in the planning implementation of art in public spaces projects.
- **9.** Work towards resourcing an Arts and Community Connections Specialist as a contracted, third party support role for the Township.

COMMUNICATIONS

Continuing to promote and widely share the elements of Art In Public Spaces Plan is essential to achieving the goals and addressing the strategic directions of this Plan.

Art In Public Spaces Master Plan denotes specific actions to further foster communication and raise awareness of the Township's art in public spaces program as a means to celebrate 'place' and give meaning to being a growing destination. Communication and engagement opportunities to share the plan should include but are not limited to:

- 1. A launch event with community partners to build awareness around the plan and its directions.
- 2. A communications strategy outlining updates, announcements and articles to local media, the public and leveraging social media among local groups.
- **3.** Designing and carrying out Art in Public Spaces programs.
- **4.** Releasing updates through Arts, Culture and Heritage channels.
- **5.** Linking with community events and activities to continue to engage on the plan's implementation.
- 6. Hosting an annual cultural roundtable or cultural forum.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Art in Public Spaces Plan has benefited from over 300 enthusiastic community voices who care about the design of the public realm, the presence of art, and the role of artists in cultural development—Thank you!

Thank you to Mayor Barbara Desjardins and Council Members Meagan Brame, Jacob Helliwell, Tim Morrison, Jane Vermeulen, Ken Armour, and Lynda Hundleby.

Thank you to Township staff who participated in the workshops (including Steve Knoke—Director of Parks and Recreation, Rick Daykin—Manager of Parks and Facilities, Dan Henderson—Parks and Recreation Coordinator, Jeff Byron—Manager of Recreation, Tara Zajac —Manager of Communications, Joel Clary—Engineering Manager, Bill Brown—Director of Development Services) and contributed to the development of this plan.

Thank you to members of the Parks and Recreation Advisory Committee and to local artists and arts organizations (TCAC—Morlene Tomlinson, Dee-Ann Lemire, Mike Miller, ECAH—Laura Beth Keane, Ministry of Casual Living—Evan Locke).

Special thanks to staff members Robbie Young, Tara Zajac and Vicki Klyne for their active support of the planning process.



GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Acquisition: The process of accepting an artistic work whether by commissioning, purchase, gift, or other means, into the Township's collection of public art.

Administration Program Costs: The amount that is taken off the top of the total art allocation in order to administrate a project. This amount is used for, but not limited to, the following: advertising, printing of competition briefs, jury fees, artist's maquette fee, plaque, lighting of work, invitations for official openings, photo documentation of the finished work, contingencies, etc. Program costs vary according to type of competition and project.

Art in Public Places: A visual artwork in any media created by a professional artist(s) that has been planned and executed with the specific intention of being sited or staged in public space, and is acquired in compliance with the Township of Esquimalt Public Art Policy:

- Integrated forms a physical part of a building, structure or landscape. If the site were to be redeveloped, the art would be as well.
- Stand-alone (non-integrated) is not a physical part of a building, structure or landscape.

- Short-term durational is an original work by a professional artist(s) that is created for a specific occasion, time frame or event and which is situated at a particular site on a short-term basis. The art may cover a range of forms including, but not limited to, visual art, digital art, sound art, and performance-based work.
- Site-specific, whether long-term or temporary, functional or aesthetic, stand- alone or integrated and in any media, is an original work that is created in response to the immediate context.



Viewing Exhibit

Public Art Working and Advisory Group: a new committee introduced through the Art in Public Spaces Master Plan–Public Art Working and Advisory Group provides opportunities for community participation in public art. The Committee consists of five members appointed by Council. Members must have experience and/or be trained in aspects of visual art.

Arts: The broad subdivision of culture, composed of many expressive and creative disciplines. The term encompasses: visual and applied arts (e.g. painting, print-making, drawing, sculpture, crafts, pottery and ceramics, photography, film and theatre, music, song, spoken word, literary arts and dance.

Artist: The designer/creator of an artwork who has completed specialized training in his or her artistic field or is recognized by his/her peers as such; is committed to his/her artistic activity; and has a history of public presentation.

The Canada Council for the Arts defines a professional artist as someone who:

- has specialized training in the field, consistent with the standards of their practice.
- is recognized by other artists working in the same tradition as an artist of superior achievement or potential.
- is committed to their own artistic vision, retains creative control and is committed to the creation and/or promotion of original work.
- has a history of public presentation in a professional context, receives professional compensation for the public presentation of their work, and actively seeks to maximize their audience, regardless of purely commercial considerations.

Artwork: A tangible creation by an artist that can be permanent, temporary or ephemeral.

Artwork on Loan: An artistic work that is borrowed by the Township, through a loan agreement, for a defined period of time from a lender who owns and retains ownership of the artistic work." "Best Practice: A method or technique that has consistently shown results superior to those achieved with other means, and that is used as a benchmark. In addition, a best practice can evolve to become better as improvements are discovered. Applying best practice combines the ability to balance the unique qualities of an organization with the practices that it has in common with others.

Community Art: An artwork created collaboratively between an artist and an identified community. Community members actively participate in the creation of the artwork. The art process is of equal importance to the art created. The goal of the community art process is to create artwork that is accessible to a large public not simply by virtue of its placement in a public space, or because of its content. but through the engagement of numerous people in the community.



Conservation: The broad concept of care of the collection, encompassing examination of the condition of the art, preservation of the art to avoid deterioration or damage, and restoration.

Copyright: Grants the author of an artwork the sole right to reproduce, distribute, display, and alter their artworks. It expires 50 years after the artist's death. It may be assigned or licensed to another individual or institution and/or it may be assigned exclusively or jointly.

Copyright also extends to the use of images of an artwork for promotional or educational purposes.

Moral Rights include the right to the integrity of the artwork in regards to associations or modifications. They include the right to be associated with the artwork as its author by name, pseudonym or the right to remain anonymous. Moral Rights are non-transferable and endure even after copyright has been assigned. The rights may be waived by the artist agreeing to not exercise them in whole or in part.

Examples of violation of Moral Rights may include:

- An act or omission performed on the artwork that affects the honour or reputation of the artist; and
- Changing the colour of the artwork or adorning it with additional elements or taking steps to restore or preserve the artwork would not be included as long as this work is performed in good faith. Also, changing the location of the work does not generally constitute a violation, but in the case of works of public art, the exact siting may be considered part of the work.

Taking steps to restore or preserve the artwork would not be included as long as this work is performed in good faith. Also, changing the location of the work does not generally constitute a violation, but in the case of works of public art, the exact siting may be considered part of the work. **Culture**: The ideas, customs, language, beliefs, history, traditions and social behaviours of a particular people or society, including artistic expression and natural and human heritage. Culture comprises cultural industries and cultural resources.

-World-renowned designer, Bruce Mau (and Sudbury boy). *Renewing Sudbury*

Beauty doesn't cost more

than ugly.

Curator: A recognized practicing

professional in the visual arts who is

knowledgeable about art history, contemporary art practices and artists, and who works to organize exhibitions and analyze artwork and the relationship of artwork to the larger field of practice, history and place.

De-accession: The process of removing an artistic work from the Township's collection of public art.

- An object that has been removed permanently from a collection;
- Formal removal of accessioned objects from a permanent collection.

Design Collaboration: Projects created through the co-equal cooperative design efforts of design professionals, such as artists, architects and landscape architects.

Design Professionals: Individuals professionally trained in design, such as architecture, landscape architecture, art, graphics, urban design, and planning; also graphic, industrial, interior, and clothing design.

Equity-seeking Groups: Equity-seeking groups are those that identify barriers to equal access, opportunities and resources due to disadvantage and discrimination and actively seek social justice and reparation. (*Source: Canada Council for the Arts*)

Gift: An existing or proposed work of art offered as a donation to the Township for placement at a public site under the Township's jurisdiction.

Interdepartmental Art in Public Spaces Staff Team: A new team led by staff responsible for the implementation of the Public Art program and including representatives from a range of other municipal departments that provide advice and coordination of the public art program (and cultural plan implementation) across Township Divisions.

Maquette: Refers to the drawing or model of the proposed artwork.

Owned: An artistic work that is owned by the Township for the benefit of current and future generations.

Percent for Public Art: A public art program funded by a percentage (usually one to two per cent) of gross construction budgets, for the commission, design, purchase and installation of art in the public realm. Most major cities in North America have per cent for art programs.

Public Art Collection: All works of art owned by the Township (and its residents) that are site specific, part of a portable collection or documentation of works of specific duration.

Public Art Reserve Fund: The Township of Esquimalt, through the annual budget process, will allocate funding to the creation and maintenance for art in public places.

Public Space: Space available for use by the public that can include, but is not limited to, parks, boulevards, trail systems, open spaces, waterways, roads, bridges, gateways, street spaces, civic squares as well as exterior and interior public areas associated with buildings or structures owned, operated, occupied or used by or for the Township.

Restoration: Treatment of a deteriorated or damaged work of art to restore it as accurately as possible to its original condition.

Selection Panel/Peer Assessment: The selection panel is a group of art professionals and community representatives who are convened to review artist applications for a given art in public place project. The selection panel for a particular project shall be responsible for selecting the successful applicant based on a thorough peer review and assessment of competition entries in accordance with the Township's policies and related guidelines. The make-up of a selection panel varies according to the requirements of a given project.

Township: The Corporation of the Township of Esquimalt.

Urban Design: The process of applying desired functional and aesthetic parameters to the design of the Township and its parts.

